

Whole School Art and Design Overview

Class	Year A	Year B	
Holly	Drawing Techniques		
Berries	 What makes a sculpture super? Use a range of materials to create sculptures inspired by famous works of art. Marc Quinn, Brendan Jamison What do you see when you look at your face in the mirror? Learning about portraits and use of different materials and techniques when making their own. Andy Warhol, Giuseppe Arcimboldo 	Are landscapes empty and cityscapes full? Learning about the bright colours and bold brushstrokes used by the Impressionists. Making paintings, drawings and mosaic art, inspired by Impressionist painters. Claude Monet, Vincent Van Gogh, Pierre- Auguste Renoir How can we use nature in art? Learning about different techniques using natural materials; model making, observational drawing before creating a multi-media collage. (China – cherry blossom pictures, Willow pattern plate) Andy Goldsworthy	
Chestnut	Drawing Techniques		
	Do plants and insects belong in art? Colour mixing (tints, shades and tones of colour), careful observational drawings. Rosalind Monks, Lucy Arnold, Carol Sharp (photography of plants) What can we learn from art work from the past? Cave drawings, hieroglyphics. Can dots be powerful?	Pointillism Georges Seurat Are patterns all around us? Creating own patterns in a variety of contexts using stencils, printing and digital technology. Wassily Kandinsky, Thaneeya McArdle	
Maple	Drawing Techniques		
	Could art have been used as a weapon in WW1? Propaganda art and the impact of the war. Paul Nash What do you see when you look at your face in the mirror? Learning about portraits and use of different materials and techniques when making their own. Pablo Picasso, Frida Kahlo Can art play tricks on your mind?	Looking at optical illusions in art. Bridget Riley, M.C Escher Can a pot tell a story? Paintings of Greek pottery, clay work	

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Andy Goldsworthy	Learning about portraits and use of different materials and techniques when making their own. Andy Warhol, Giuseppe Arcimboldo	
Kno	owledge	
 imagination. to develop a wide range of art and designshape, form and space. about the work of a range of artists, cran and similarities between different practional statement and similarities between different practices. 	o develop and share their ideas, experiences and gn techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, ft makers and designers, describing the differences ices and disciplines, making links to their own work.	
	Skills	
 Developing Ideas Respond to ideas and starting points. Explore ideas and collect visual information. Explore different methods and materials as Mastering Techniques Draw lines of different sizes and thickness. Colour (own work) neatly following the lines. Show pattern and texture by adding dots and lines. Show different tones by using coloured pencils. Draw carefully in line from observation, recording shapes with some care. 	ideas develop Painting	
 Collage Use a combination of materials that are cut, torn and glued. Sort and arrange materials. Mix materials to create texture. Print 	 Sculpture Use a combination of shapes. Include lines and texture. Use rolled up paper, straws, paper, card and clay as materials. Textiles 	
 Use repeating or overlapping shapes. Mimic print from the environment e.g. wallpaper. Use objects to create prints e.g. fruits, 	 Join materials using glue. 	

Describe the work of notable artists, artisans and designers.Use some of the ideas of artists studied to create pieces.

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• to create sketchbooks to record their observe		
	kills	
Comment on artwork using visual language. lastering Techniques		
 Drawing Use different hardness of pencils to show line, tone and texture. Annotate sketches to explain and elaborate on ideas. Sketch lightly (no need to use a rubber to correct mistakes). Use shading to show light and shadow. Use cross hatching to show tone and texture. Draw familiar things from different viewpoints. 	 Mix colours effectively. Add white to colours to make tints and black to colours to make tones. Create colour wheels. Create a colour palette based upon colours observed in the natural or built world 	
 Collage Select and arrange materials for a striking effect. Ensure work is precise. Use coiling, overlapping, tessellation, mosaic and montage. Digital Media Create images and explain why they were created. aking Inspiration from the Greats (Classic and Model) 	 Print Use layers of two or more colours. Replicate patterns observed in natural or built environments. Make printing blocks Make precise repeating patterns. 	

- Replicate some of the techniques used by notable artists, artisans and designers. Create original pieces that are influenced by studies of others. •

Maple		
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Drawing To	echniques	
Could art have been used as a weapon in WW1?	Can art play tricks on your mind?	
Propaganda art and the impact of the war.	Looking at optical illusions in art.	
Paul Nash	Bridget Riley, M.C Escher	
What do you see when you look at your face in the	Can a pot tell a story?	
mirror?	Paintings of Greek pottery, clay work	
Learning about portraits and use of different materials		
and techniques when making their own.		
Pablo Picasso, Frida Kahlo Know	ledge	
Children should be taught to develop their techniques, i	-	
creativity, experimentation and an increasing awarenes:	-	
They should also be taught:		
 to create sketchbooks to record their observati 	ons and use them to review and revisit ideas.	
	iniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with	
a range of materials e.g. pencil, charcoal, paint		
about great artists, architects and designers in history.		
Ski	ills	
Developing Ideas		
 Develop and imaginatively extend ideas from st 	tarting points throughout the curriculum.	
Collect information, sketches and resources and		
• Use the qualities of materials to enhance ideas		
• Spot the potential in unexpected results as wor	k progresses.	
• Comment on artworks with a fluent grasp of vis		
Mastering Techniques		
Drawing	Painting	
 Use a variety of techniques to add 	Sketch (lightly) before painting to combine	
interesting effects, e.g. reflections,	light and colour.	
shadows, direction of sunlight.	Use the qualities of watercolours and	
• Use a choice of techniques to depict	acrylic paints to create visually interesting	
movement, perspective, shadows and	pieces.	
reflection.	• Combine colours, tones and tints to	
• Choose a style of drawing suitable for the	enhance the mood of a piece,	
work e.g. realistic or impressionistic.	 Develop a personal style of painting, 	
Use lines to represent movement.	drawing upon ideas from other artists.	
Coulature		
Sculpture		
Show life-like qualities and real-life		
 Show life-like qualities and real-life proportions or, if more abstract, provoke 		
 Show life-like qualities and real-life proportions or, if more abstract, provoke different interpretations. 		
 Show life-like qualities and real-life proportions or, if more abstract, provoke different interpretations. Use tools to carve and add shapes, texture 		
 Show life-like qualities and real-life proportions or, if more abstract, provoke different interpretations. 		

- Give details (including own sketches) about the style of some notable artists, artisans and designers.
- Show how the work of those studied was influential both in society and to other artists.
- Create original pieces that show a range of influences and style