## NUMBER - Number and place value

Count to and across 100, Count, read and write numbers
forwards and backwards,
beginning with 0 or 1 , or
from any given number
to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives and tens

Given a number, identify one more and one less

Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least

Read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words

## NUMBER - Addition and subtraction

Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs $\qquad$

Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20

Add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero

Solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as $7=\square-9$.

NUMBER - Multiplication and division
Solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher/parent

NUMBER - Fractions
Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity

Find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object

## MEASUREMENT

Compare, describe and solve practical problems for:

| Lengths and heights: for |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| example, long/short, |  |  |
| longer/shorter, |  |  |
| tall/short, double/half | Mass/weight: <br> for example, <br> heavy/light, <br> heavier than, <br> lighter than | Capacity and Volume: for <br> example, full/empty, more <br> than, less than, half, half <br> full, quarter |

## Children should be taught to:

Recognise and know the $\quad$ Sequence events in chronological order using value of different denominations of coins and notes language: for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening

## GEOMETRY - Properties of shapes

Recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes, including:
2D shapes: for example, rectangles, squares,
circles and triangles

3D shapes: for example, cuboids, cubes, pyramids and spheres

Measure and begin to record the following:
Time: for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later

| Measure and begin to record the following: |
| :--- |
| Lengths and <br> heights |
| Mass/ <br> weight |
| Capacity and <br> volume |
| Time (hours, <br> minutes, <br> seconds) |

Recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years

Tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times.

## GEOMETRY - Position and direction

Describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns.

## Year 2 End of year MATHS expectations.



Year 3 End of year Maths expectations.

| NUMBER - Number and place value |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100; find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number | Recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number (hundreds, tens, ones) |  | Compare and order numbers up to 1000 < > = |  | Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations |  |  |  | Read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words |  |  | Solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas. |  |
| NUMBER - Addition and subtraction |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Add and subtract mentally |  |  |  | Add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction |  |  |  | Estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers |  |  | Solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction |  |  |
| A three digit number and ones $\begin{array}{r} \text { e.g. } 251+6 \\ 251-6 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | A three digit number and tens $\begin{array}{r} \text { e.g. } 326+30 \\ 326-40 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | A three digit number and hundreds$\begin{array}{r} \text { e.g. } 714+200 \\ 458-300 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NUMBER - Multiplication and division |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3,4 and 8 multiplication tables | Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods |  |  |  |  |  | Solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which $n$ objects are connected to $m$ objects, e.g. 3 hats and 4 coats - how many different outfits? Or 12 cakes shared equally between 4 children |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NUMBER - Fractions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10 | Recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions, e.g. $\frac{1}{5} \frac{1}{3}$ and non-unit fractions, e.g. $\frac{3}{4} \frac{5}{8}$ with small denominators |  | Recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators |  |  | Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole, e.g. $\frac{1}{7}+\frac{3}{7}=\frac{4}{7}$ |  |  | Compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators |  |  | Solve problems that involve fractions |  |
| MEASUREMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{mm}$ ); mass (kg/g); volume/capacity (l/ml) | Measure the perimeter of simple 2D shapes | Add and subtract $\dagger$ amounts of money to give change, using both $£$ and $p$ in practical contexts |  | Tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using roman numerals from I to XII, and 12 -hour and 24 -hour clocks |  |  | Estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours; use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight |  |  | Know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year |  |  | Compare durations of events e.g. to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks |
| GEOMETRY - Properties of shapes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Draw 2D shapes and make 3D shapes using modelling materials; recognise 3D shapes in different orientations and describe them |  | Recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn |  | Identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle |  |  |  |  |  |  | Identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines |  |  |
| STATISTICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables |  |  |  |  |  | Solve one-step and two-step questions, e.g. 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?' using information presented in scaled bar charts, pictograms and tables |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| NUMBER - Number and place value |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Count in multiples of 6,7,9, 25 and 1000 | Find 1000 more or less than a given number | Count backwards through zero to include negative numbers |  |  | he place in a f usands ens, and | value ur-digit <br> ones) | Order and compare numbers beyond 1000 <> $=$ |  | tify, repr estimate bers using erent esentation |  | Round any number the near 10, 100 1000 |  | Solve nu practical involve <previo with incr positive | $r$ and oblems that the kills and ingly large bers | Read roman numerals to 100 ( $I$ to $C$ ) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and place value |
| NUMBER - Addition and subtraction |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate |  |  |  |  |  | Estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation |  |  |  |  |  | Solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. |  |  |  |
| NUMBER - Multiplication and division |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Recall ALL multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to $12 \times 12$ |  | Use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1 ; dividing by 1 ; multiplying together three numbers |  |  |  | Recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations |  | Multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout |  |  |  | Solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as $n$ objects are connected to $m$ objects |  |  |  |
| NUMBER - Fractions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions |  | Count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten |  |  | Solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number |  |  |  |  | Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator |  |  |  | Recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths, e.g.$\frac{3}{10}=0.3$$\frac{3}{100}=0.03$ |  |
| Recognise and write decimal equivalents to $\frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{2} \frac{3}{4}$ |  | Find the effect of dividing a one- or twodigit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths |  |  |  |  | Round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number |  |  | Compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places |  |  |  |  | Solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places |
| MEASUREMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Convert between different units of measure, e.g . kilometre to metre; hour to minute |  | Measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (shapes with straight sides - rectangles, squares) in centimetres and metres |  | Find the area of rectilinear shapes (shapes with straight sides) by counting squares |  |  |  | Estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence |  |  |  |  | Read, write and convert ime between analogue and igital 12- and 24-hour locks |  | Solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days |
| GEOMETRY - Properties of shapes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | GEOMETRY - Position and direction |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes |  | Identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size |  | Identify lines of symmetry in 2D shapes presented in different orientations |  |  | Complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry |  | Describe positions on a 2D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant |  |  | Describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down |  |  | Plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon |
| STATISTICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods including bar charts and time graphs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| NUMBER - Number and place value |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1000000 and determine the value of each digit | Count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to$1000000$ |  | Interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero |  |  |  | to 1000000 to nearest 10,100 1000, 10000 and 100000 | Solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the <previous skills |  |  | $000(M)$ and recognise years written in roman merals |
| NUMBER - Addition and subtraction |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) |  | Add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers |  |  |  | Use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy |  |  |  | Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why |  |
| NUMBER - Multiplication and division |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers | Know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (nonprime) numbers |  | Establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19 |  | Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers |  |  | Multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts |  |  | Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context |
| Multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10,100 and 1000 | Recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared $\left(^{2}\right)$ and cubed ( ${ }^{3}$ ) |  | Solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes |  |  |  | Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign |  |  |  | Solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates |
| NUMBER - Fractions including decimals and percentages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number | Identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths |  | Recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements, e.g. $\frac{2}{5}+\frac{4}{5}=\frac{6}{5}=1 \frac{1}{5}$ |  |  |  | Add and subtract $\dagger$ fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number |  | Multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams |  | Read and write decimal numbers as fractions, $\text { e.g. } 0.71=\frac{71}{100}$ |
| Recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents | Round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place | Read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places |  | Solve problems involving number up to three decimal places |  | Recognise the per cent symbol (\%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal |  |  | olve problems which require knowing rcentage and decimal equivalents of $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{4} \frac{2}{5}$ <br> d those fractions with a denominator of a altiple of 10 or 25 |  |  |

## Year 5 End of year MATHS expectations.

| MEASUREMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Convert between different units of metric measure, e.g. kilometre and metre; centimetre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre | Understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints | Measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres | Calculate and area of rectan (including squa including using units, square ( $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ ) and squa ( $\mathrm{m}^{2}$ ) and estim of irregular sh | mpare the es <br> s), and tandard timetres metres the area es | Estimate volume, e.g. using $1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ blocks to build cuboids (including cubes) and capacity (filling a container with water) | Solve involvin betwe time | roblems converting units of | Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure, e.g. length, mass, volume, money using decimal notation, including scaling |
| GEOMETRY - Properties of shapes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Use the properties of $r$ deduce related facts and lengths and angles | tangles to Dis <br> irr <br> ab <br>   | Distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles |  | Identify 3D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2D representations |  |  | Know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles |  |
| Draw given angles, and degrees ( ${ }^{\circ}$ ) | asure them in Id <br> turn | Identify angles at a point and one whole turn (total $360^{\circ}$ ) |  | Angles at a point on a straight line and $\frac{1}{2}$ a turn (total $180^{\circ}$ ) |  |  | Other multiples of $90^{\circ}$ |  |
| GEOMETRY - Position and direction |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| STATISTICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph |  |  |  | Complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables |  |  |  |  |

## NUMBER - Number and place value

Read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10000000 and determine the value of each digit

Round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy

Use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero

Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above

## NUMBER - Addition, subtraction, multiplication and division

Multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context
Identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers

Use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations

Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why

Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context

Perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers

## NUMBER - Fractions including decimals and percentages

Use common factors to simplify fractions; use common $\quad$ Compare and order fractions, multiples to express fractions in the same denomination
including fractions > 1

Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division

Use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy
multiples to express fractions in the same denomination

Add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions
fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form, e.g. $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2}=\frac{1}{8}$

Divide proper fractions by whole numbers, e.g. $\frac{1}{3} \div 2=\frac{1}{6}$

Associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal-fraction equivalents, e.g. $\frac{3}{8}=3 \div 8=0.375$

Identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10,100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places
Use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places

Solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy

Recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts

Multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers

## RATIO AND PROPORTION

Solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts

ALGEBRA

| Use simple formulae | Generate and describe linear <br> number sequences | Express missing number <br> problems algebraically | Find pairs of numbers that <br> satisfy an equation with two <br> unknowns | Enumerate possibilities of <br> combinations of two <br> variables |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Year 6 End of year MATHS expectations.

| MEASUREMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate |  | Use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to three decimal places |  |  |  | Convert between miles and kilometres |  | ise that shapes with the same an have different perimeters versa |
| Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes |  |  | Calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles |  |  | Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres ( $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ ) and cubic metres ( $\mathrm{m}^{3}$ ), and extending to other units, e.g. $\mathrm{mm}^{3}$ and $\mathrm{km}^{3}$ |  |  |
| GEOMETRY - Properties of shapes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Draw 2D shapes using given dimensions and angles | Recognise, describe and build simple 3D shapes, including making nets | Compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons |  |  | Illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius |  |  | Recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles |
| GEOMETRY - Position and direction |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants) |  |  |  | Draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes |  |  |  |  |
| STATISTICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems |  |  |  |  | Calculate and interpret the mean as an average |  |  |  |

